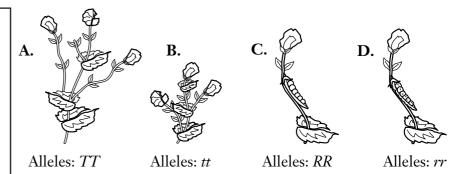
## CHAPTER 12 MENDEL AND MEIOSIS

## Section 12.1 Mendel's Laws of Heredity Study the Diagrams

Use the diagram and the paragraph in the box to answer the questions.

Each of these pea plants has a different trait. Each trait is controlled by a pair of alleles that make up a gene for that trait. All genes of an organism make up a genotype. A genotype can be represented by its alleles. Letters such as T or t represent different alleles.



1. What are the genotypes of the plants in the diagram? The first one is filled in for you.

a. tall plant \_\_\_\_\_\_TT

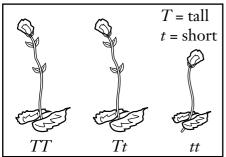
c. round pea \_\_\_\_\_

**b.** short plant \_\_\_\_\_

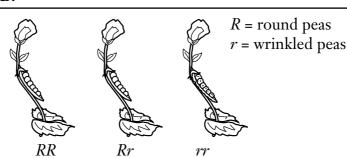
d. wrinkled pea \_\_\_\_\_

Use the diagrams and paragraph in the box to answer the questions.

A.



В.



The allele for tallness (T) makes two of the three plants in diagram A tall. The allele for tallness is a dominant allele. The trait with a dominant allele will show up over a trait with a recessive allele. This means that plants with the dominant allele for tallness will be tall even if they also have a recessive allele for shortness.

- 2. Will the peas in diagram B that have the genotype Rr be round or wrinkled? Explain your answer.
- **3.** In diagram B, what shape will the peas with the genotype *rr* have? Explain your answer.